

Weekly Bulletin

Roaringwater Bay

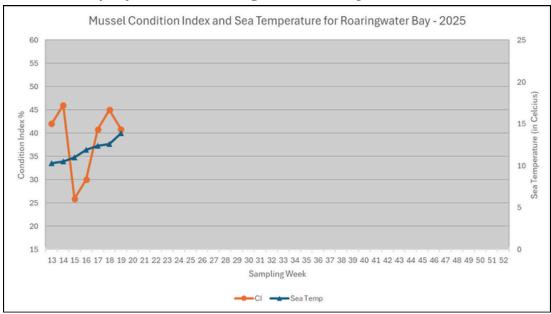
Southwest Mussel Larvae sampling

12th May 2025

Week 19 (05/05/2025 to 11/05/2025)



Condition Index (CI) for Roaringwater Bay



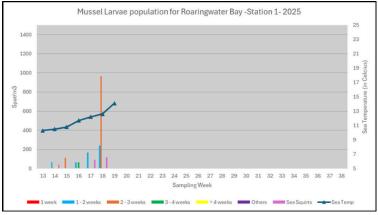
The Condition Index in Roaringwater decreased by 4.2% between Week 18 and Week 19, to 40.8%. The sea temperature has increased by 1.3°c to 13.9°c. The Aquatroll deployed in the bay (in 3 m of water) recorded **15.3°c on the 11th May.**

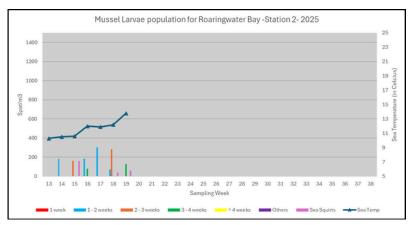




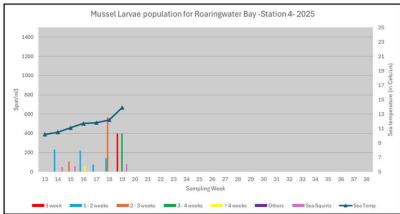
Larvae population evolution in Roaringwater Bay (4 stations)

For each sample, mussel larvae are classed by age: 1 week old, 1 to 2 weeks old, 2 to 3 weeks old, 3 to 4 weeks old, over 4 weeks old and others (younger or older). All 4 stations were sampled on the same day (09/04/2025).









Commentary

The amount of larvae across the stations was low with no larvae for Stations 1 and 3, although, significant quantities of larvae were observed on Week 18 for both locations. Only 129 spat/m³ (3 to 4 weeks old) were observed at Station 2. The highest number was observed at Station 4 with 792 spat/m³ divided equally between 1 week old (396 spat/m³) and 3 to 4 weeks old (396 spat/m³).

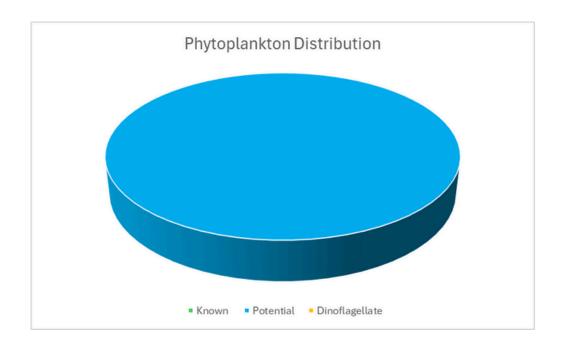
The sea temperature significantly increased by $+1^{\circ}c$ for all the sampling stations (+1.5°c for Station 1, +1.6°c for Station 2, +1°c for Station 3 and +1.7°c for Station 4).





Further observations from analysis:

- Station 1: No sea squirts were observed in the sample while concentrations of copepods, crabs and barnacles were low. Chaetoceros sp. was present in moderate concentration.
- Station 2: 61 sea squirts /m³ were observed in the sample. Levels of copepods, barnacles and crab larvae were moderate. There was a high concentration of a type of egg (not mussels). Again, Chaetoceros sp was in moderate concentration.
- Station 3: The sample presented high levels of barnacles and crab larvae and a moderate level of copepods. A high concentration of juvenile tubeworm was observed. Again the concentration of eggs (not mussel) was high. There was no sea squirt in the sample. Chaetoceros and s.costatum species were in low concentrations.
- Station 4: The sample presented a sea squirt concentration of 81 individuals/m³. The concentrations of copepods, crabs and barnacles were moderate. Again the concentration of eggs (not mussel) was high. The Chaetoceros sp. concentration was low.
- The phytoplankton concentration from the sample taken in Week 19 is still low (29,650 cells/ litres) which is a slight increase from the previous week. The sample was exclusively composed of species potentially suitable food for larvae (100%). Levels of Chlorophyll A on the Aquatroll were also low despite a very small increase between April 28th and May 3rd.







Summary Tables

Condition Index for the last 5 weeks

SAMPLING WEEK	CONDITION INDEX %	WATER TEMPERATURE (°C)	CI VARIATION	SEA TEMEPRATURE VARIATION
WEEK 15	25.9	11	-20.1	+0.5
WEEK 16	25.9	11.9	+4.1	+0.9
WEEK 17	40.84	12.4	+10.84	+0.5
WEEK 18	45	12.6	+4.16	+0.2
WEEK 19	40.8	1.9	-4.2	+1.3

Larvae population distribution for the 4 sampling Stations:

Week 17	Spat/m3	Larvae Stage	Sea Temperature	Sea Squirts/m3
Roaringwater Bay 1	0	na	14.1	0
Roaringwater Bay 2	129	3-4 wks	13.8	61
Roaringwater Bay 3	0	na	13.9	0
Roaringwater Bay 4	792	50% 1wk, 50% 3-4 wks	13.9	81



